



Regulatory Update

Week 40- 2024



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2024

Regulatory Updates – Legal (General)

3 <u>Regulatory Updates – Others</u>





FCA (General)

Over the past week, our team have noticed the FCA's focus has been on Complaints Data, Big Tech and AI, and Financial Crime Updates.

If you have any questions about any of the items that are featured in this review, please do contact your consultants.





Update

Summary

TSB fined £10.9m for 'woeful'
systems leaving customers at
'risk of harm'

Date Published: 10 October 2024

The recent FCA fine of £10.9 million levied against TSB for failing to treat customers in financial difficulty fairly highlights significant regulatory challenges for all sectors handling customer relationships, including the insurance broker sector. Between 2014 and 2020, TSB's inadequate systems, lack of proper staff training, and reliance on incentive schemes led to unfair repayment plans and improper fee charges, exacerbating the difficulties faced by vulnerable customers.

This case serves as a stark reminder of the need for firms to prioritise robust systems and controls to safeguard customer interests.

For insurance brokers, this case emphasises the increasing regulatory scrutiny on customer treatment, especially vulnerable individuals. The FCA's Consumer Duty and Treating Customers Fairly (TCF) frameworks require brokers to ensure their systems can identify and manage vulnerable clients effectively, avoiding unfair treatment or unsuitable product offerings. Operational resilience is key; TSB's failure to implement systems that protected customers from harm underscores the importance of having governance structures that can detect and rectify issues before they result in significant detriment

Read the full article here

Action to Take:

Action to Take:

You can catch up here.

Given these developments, insurance brokers should take proactive steps to reassess their customer treatment frameworks. This includes reviewing training protocols, customer interaction policies, and compliance with the FCA's Client Assets (CASS) rules. Ensuring that vulnerable clients are protected and that processes are designed to avoid customer detriment is essential for remaining compliant with FCA regulations.

Action for firms

If your firm is unsure whether it's meeting the FCA's evolving expectations—whether it be through vulnerable customer policies, operational controls, or compliance frameworks-RRCA can assist. Our expertise in regulatory compliance can help you navigate these complexities and avoid the risks seen in the TSB case.

Contact RRCA at rrcompliance.com or email contact@rrcompliance.com to discuss how we can support your firm in aligning with the latest regulatory standards.

Are you on top of your With a swathe of Duty related communication, firms often overlook or fail to supervisory letters? harmonise other important aspects or regulatory compliance.

In case you missed, you can review some of them here or contact us at

contact@rrcompliance.com



more sanctions investigations or penalties.



Action for firms

Update

GET INVOLVED! Review of FCA requirements following the introduction of the Consumer Duty

Deadline: 31st October 2024

Summary

The FCA want to see where they can simplify their retail conduct rules and guidance. They particularly want to address potential areas of complexity, duplication, confusion, or over-prescription, which create regulatory costs with limited or no consumer benefit. The FCA also want to include appropriate flexibility in their rules to be responsive to future changes and innovation.

Action to Take:

This is your chance to let the FCA know what you think, share your views with them before the 31st October 2024.

Online: Click Here

By Post: Consumer Policy and Outcomes, Financial Conduct Authority, 12 Endeavour Square, London E20 1JN **By emailing**: ReviewOfRequirementsCFI@fca.org.uk

New U.K. enforcement body piles pressure on <u>sanctions</u> evaders	Global sanctions rules are increasing rapidly, as are tools to detect and punish those who break them. In response, the U.K. government is creating a new Office of Trade Sanctions Implementation (OTSI) to investigate and penalise those who break sanctions rules.	Action to Take: You can read the full article <u>here.</u>
Date Published: 3 October 2024	The consequences can be financial and even criminal, as well as causing reputational damage, loss of professional status, or being barred from practicing.	
	OTSI's enforcement powers will come into effect from 10 October 2024 and will apply to:	
	 all UK persons and entities wherever they are in the world; and any legal person within the UK and/or UK territorial waters. 	
	It remains to be scene if this cross organisational enforcement group will enforce	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
White Paper: Consumer Duty Board reporting	The Chartered Insurance Institute share their findings and recommendations with the FCA and the wider sector through this White Paper, and the CII will continue to explore with the regulator and our members what more they can do to assist	Action to Take: You can read the full results here.
Date Published: 27 September 2024	firms in meeting the standards of care expected from the introduction of the Consumer Duty.	

OPBAS finds improvements	In its fifth report, the Office for Professional Body Anti-Money Laundering	Action to Take:
needed amongst anti-money	Supervision (OPBAS) has found that while most Professional Body Supervisors	
laundering supervisors	(PBS) are complying with money laundering regulations, how they supervise is still not consistently effective.	You can read the full results here.

Date Published: 23 September 2024





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Principal firms embedding the new rules for effective	The FCA share their findings on how principals are embedding new rules for overseeing appointed representatives (ARs) and examples of good practice and	Action to Take:
appointed representative oversight: Good practice and areas for improvement	areas for improvement for firms to consider.	You can read the full results <u>here.</u>
Date Published: 6 September 2024		

Keeping your firm's details up to date	Learn how to keep your firm's details up to date, and about the Firm Details Attestation and Directory Persons' Attestation.	Action to take: Read the full article <u>here.</u>
	You need to ensure that the information the FCA hold about your firm is correct – for example, your firm's name and contact details.	
Date published: 2 September 2024	You can use the Connect system to tell the FCA about changes to your firm's details at any time.	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Price and Value Outcome: Good and Poor Practice	The FCA made it clear that they are working with firms to ensure they are taking an appropriate and proportionate approach to the price and value outcome.	Action to Take:
update		When reading the update, firms must consider how the
	However, they will act where they see firms not making improvements in response to feedback, or if firms' products and services are clear poor value outliers when	findings are relevant to them.
Date Published: 18 September 2024	compared to the price and value of similar products and services.	You can read the full results <u>here.</u>

Catalysing productivity and	An interesting speech by Nikhil Rathi, FCA Chief Executive, delivered at	Action to take:
growth: A change in mindset on financial inclusion	StepChange Connected 2024 covered the following areas;	Read the full article here.
	 Financial inclusion and growth need not be mutually exclusive. 	
	There cannot be genuine financial inclusion without digital inclusion.	
	• This will require a change in mindset, a different conversation about risk	
	and innovation, and a systemwide effort - not just for government and	
Date published: 19 September 2024	regulators, but also for employers and schools.	





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Regulatory Update: FCA Discussion Paper DP24/1 Regulation of Commercial and Bespoke Insurance Business Deadline 16th September	The FCA's Discussion Paper DP24/1 focuses on reviewing and potentially revising the regulatory framework for commercial insurance and bespoke products. The goal is to balance consumer protection with fostering innovation and competition within the industry. Key areas include the classification of commercial customers, co-manufacturing arrangements, and the application of rules to bespoke insurance contracts.	Action to Take: You can find the consultation paper <u>here</u> .
	We referred to the full details of this consultation on <u>slide 9</u> of this publication.	
FCA charges first individual with running a network of illegal crypto ATMs	The FCA has charged Mr Olumide Osunkoya, who is 45 and resides in London, for unlawfully running multiple crypto ATMs without FCA registration. Crypto ATMs are machines that allow you to buy or convert money into crypto assets.	Action to Take: You can read the full press release <u>here.</u>

Date Published: 10 September 2024





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Biba calls on government to cut IPT rate in Autumn Budget	The government has the opportunity to make some specific interventions to help ease the financial burden on customers and help with the issues that we are seeing,' says BIBA chief executive	Action to Take: We will keep a watching brief on this story.
Date Published: 12 September 2024	Biba has called on the UK government to cut the rate of insurance premium tax from 12% to 10% in the upcoming Autumn budget.	

FCA Faces Pressure Over Pricey Monthly Insurance Premiums	A consumer advocacy group urged the British financial regulator on Friday to step in after it found that insurers were still charging up to 45% in interest for consumers who choose monthly payment plans for their annual premiums.	Action to take: Read the full article <u>here.</u>
Date published: 13 September 2024	The Which? advocacy group called on the Financial Conduct Authority to collect data on the cost to firms to provide premium finance and the difference in their profit margins between consumers who pay monthly and those who do so annually. Described as a tax on the poor, the high cost of insurance premiums leaves many people unable to pay the full annual premium. This is an issue about accessibility and fari value.	





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
The FCA published its annual report and accounts for 2023/24	The FCA Annual Report and Accounts sets out our progress and key achievements over the past year.	Action to Take: You can find the full report <u>here</u>
Date Published: 13 September 2024		
FCA Enforcement data 2023/24 Date Published: 13 September 2024	The FCA enforcement data shows the enforcement action we took in 2023/24 and it forms part of the FCA Annual Report.	Action to Take: You can find the full report <u>here</u>
Prescribed Persons Annual Report 2023/24	The FCA are reporting on the whistleblowing disclosures made to us under the Prescribed Persons Regulations 2017, covering April 2023 to 31 March 2024.	Action to take: Read the full article <u>here.</u>
Date published: 5 September		





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Oversight of ARs improving but more to do, says FCA	The FCA has set out good practice and areas for improvement to help principal firms effectively monitor their Appointed Representatives (ARs).	Action to Take:
Date Published: 6 September 2024	It highlights that the FCA is actively reviewing how principal firms are implementing the enhanced AR rules introduced in December 2022. This indicates ongoing regulatory scrutiny in this area. Many insurance businesses use the AR model, particularly for distribution. Brokers and MGAs often act as principals for smaller AR firms.	You can read the data report <u>here</u> . The release outlines both good practices and areas for improvement, providing clear guidance on what the FCA expects from principal firms in terms of AR oversight. Insurance businesses in the UK should view this as a clear signal to evaluate and potentially enhance their AR oversight frameworks to ensure they meet the FCA's expectations and avoid regulatory issues.
FCA's improved performance set to help UK finance sector thrive Date published: 5 September 2024	The FCA has published its Annual Report, which shows significant improvements in its authorisations service. Recognising the vital role that the regulator plays in enabling new financial services firms' ability to meet regulatory standards to get off the ground, the FCA has improved its authorisation process. Now 98% of cases, including applications by wholesale market firms, are assessed within statutory deadlines, up from 89% in Q1 of 2022/23.	Action to take: Read the full speech <u>here.</u>





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
A targeted and outcomes-based approach to	Speech by Sarah Pritchard, executive director, markets and executive director, international at the Financial Crime Summit, London.	Action to Take:
tackling financial crime		You can read the full speech here.
	 Fighting financial crime is a priority for the FCA and a key commitment in our 3-year strategy. 	
Date Published: 5 September	 Consistent with the national economic crime plan and fraud strategy, our work is based on a partnership approach. 	
2024	 Financial crime is not just an issue for the financial sector, but for other 	
	sectors too, sharing data and intelligence is a vital tool in staying one step ahead.	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
FOS – Quarterly Complaints Data Date Published: 29 August 2024	 The Financial Ombudsman Service (FOS) published their Quarterly complaints data: Q1 2024/25 Overall, they received 74,645 new complaints between April and June 2024. This is an increase of 70% compared to 43,953 reported in the same period the previous year. On average, across all financial products we upheld 37% of the cases we resolved this quarter in favour of the consumer. Credit cards were the most complained about product in the first three months of this financial year. 	Action to Take: You can read the data report <u>here</u> . It makes for interesting reading and provides valuable insight as to where brokers and insurers can improve service, products and consumer outcomes. If you need any help building or implementing a robust compliance plan for an established business or start-up, please get in touch with us today.
Reflecting on recent times – speech by Andrew Bailey	From early 2020, the Covid pandemic and then the war in Ukraine caused a surge in inflation around the globe. These events, and the nature of policymakers' responses to each, have laid bare the challenges and trade-offs inherent in addressing both monetary policy and financial stability shocks.	Action to take: Read the full speech <u>here.</u>
Date published: 23 August 2024	In this speech Andrew Bailey reflects on recent times and discusses what we can learn in terms of our framework for assessing the extent to which inflation may be persistent, and how various types of shock might be dealt with in the future.	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
FCA News: Upper Tribunal ruling on Thomas Llewellyn	On 27 August 2024, the Upper Tribunal ruled in the FCA's favour on the refusal to allow Thomas Llewellyn Kalaris to perform senior manager functions.	Action to Take:
Kalaris	Laura Dawes, director of authorisations at the FCA, said: 'We welcome the Tribunal's ruling. It unanimously found that Mr Kalaris was dishonest in 2	It is important that all information shared with the FCA is accurate, honest and complete.
Date Published: 27 August 2024	enforcement interviews the FCA conducted into events that occurred during his time at Barclays. He is therefore not fit to be a senior manager in a business regulated by us. It is vital financial firms are led by those who are honest, transparent and who act with integrity.'	There are significant and serious consequences to not acting with integrity and honesty, which this case highlights.
	Read the Tribunal's ruling and the FCA decision notice here.	





Update

Regulatory Update: FCA Discussion Paper DP24/1

Regulation of Commercial and Bespoke Insurance Business

Date Published: July 2024 -Deadline for feedback is 16 September 2024 Summary

The FCA's Discussion Paper DP24/1 focuses on reviewing and potentially revising the regulatory framework for commercial insurance and bespoke products. The goal is to balance consumer protection with fostering innovation and competition within the industry.

Key areas include the classification of commercial customers, co-manufacturing arrangements, and the application of rules to bespoke insurance contracts.

The proposals within DP24/1 have significant implications for general insurance brokers, particularly regarding their roles and responsibilities in the distribution and co-manufacturing of insurance products.

Brokers may need to adjust their practices based on changes to how commercial customers are classified and what protections they receive, especially SMEs.

Additionally, brokers involved in creating bespoke products must be aware of potential changes in product governance requirements.

Read the full document here.

Action to Take:

 Clarify "Who is Captured": Brokers must clearly understand which customers and firms are affected by these regulatory changes. This includes defining the types of commercial customers (e.g., SMEs vs. large enterprises) and the roles of different firms (e.g., brokers, insurers) in the insurance process.

Action for firms

- Engage with the FCA: Review DP24/1 in detail and participate in the consultation process by providing feedback by 16 September 2024.
- Review and Adapt Processes: Assess and potentially revise current practices, especially in client classification and product governance, to align with the proposed regulatory changes.
- Monitor Developments: Stay informed about further consultations and potential rule changes to ensure ongoing compliance and competitiveness.

By taking these steps, brokers can ensure they are well-prepared for any regulatory adjustments that may result from DP24/1.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Retail Mediation Activities Return (RMAR) Data Published	Insurance intermediaries experienced a notable 16% increase in revenue compared to the previous year, signalling robust demand for insurance products amid broader economic uncertainties.	Action to Take: You can read the data report <u>here.</u>
Date Published: 2 August 2024	This growth can be attributed to heightened consumer awareness of risk management and protection in volatile times. However, this revenue increase is not uniformly distributed across the sector. Larger firms continue to dominate the market, leveraging their scale to maintain competitive advantages, while smaller intermediaries face growing pressures from rising operational costs and regulatory compliance demands.	
Financial promotions quarterly data 2024 Q2	The FCA's Q2 2024 data on financial promotions provides critical insights into the evolving landscape of financial advertising and highlights the increasing vigilance of the regulator in ensuring that consumers are protected from misleading and	Action to take: Firms must prioritise compliance in their marketing strategies, particularly when using digital platforms where the rick of non-compliance is beightened

Date published: 21 August 2024

non-compliant promotions. As financial promotions continue to play a pivotal role in how financial services are marketed to the public, the latest data signals both progress and ongoing challenges in this area.

The data from Q2 2024 sends a clear message to financial firms: compliance with financial promotion regulations is not optional, and the FCA is prepared to take decisive action against those who fall short.

The increased scrutiny on sectors like crypto-assets suggests that firms operating

in these areas need to exercise extra caution in their promotional activities.

the risk of non-compliance is heightened.

Clear, transparent communication that accurately reflects the risks and benefits of financial products is not only a regulatory requirement but also a critical component of building consumer trust.

Read the full publication here.

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Update

Regulatory Update:

Enhancing Product Governance in General Insurance and Pure Protection Products

Date Published: 27 August 2024

Summary

The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) has recently published the TR24/2 Thematic Review, which scrutinises the governance of general insurance and pure protection products.

This review highlights significant concerns about the adequacy of product governance frameworks across the industry and sets clear expectations for insurers to ensure that their products consistently deliver fair value and positive outcomes for customers.

Key Findings from the Review:

- Inadequate Product Design Processes
- Lack of Robust Oversight Mechanisms
- Challenges in Distribution and Communication
- Regulatory Expectations Moving Forward

Insurers must now prioritise the review and enhancement of their product governance frameworks to ensure they meet the FCA's expectations. This will likely require significant investment in compliance systems, staff training, and ongoing monitoring processes. Firms that fail to adapt may face increased regulatory scrutiny and potential enforcement actions.

Action to Take:

To comply with these regulatory demands, insurers should focus on improving transparency in their communications, rigorously testing products before launch, and maintaining an ongoing dialogue with their customer base to ensure that products remain relevant and valuable over time. The FCA's emphasis on fair value means that insurers must be proactive in identifying and addressing any issues that could lead to poor customer outcomes.

Action for firms

In summary, the FCA's TR24/2 Thematic Review highlights the critical need for insurers to enhance their product governance practices.

By taking the necessary steps to align with these regulatory expectations, firms can not only avoid regulatory penalties but also build stronger, more trusting relationships with their customers.

Read the full publication here.





Action for firms

Update

The EU's 14th Sanctions Package and UK Shipping Sanction: Implications for the Insurance Industry

Date Published: 22 August 2024

On 25 June 2024, the Council of the European Union adopted its 14th package of A sanctions against Russia in response to its ongoing aggression in Ukraine.

This latest package introduces extensive measures targeting critical sectors of the Russian economy, particularly the energy industry.

Summary

The sanctions also include new trade restrictions on liquefied natural gas (LNG) and specific vessels, which have significant implications for the (re)insurance industry.

The following update outlines the key elements of the <u>14th Package</u> and the challenges they present for compliance within the insurance sector.

The 14th EU sanctions package introduces significant regulatory challenges for the (re)insurance industry, particularly in the areas of LNG, shipping, and financial sanctions. Insurers must take proactive steps to update their compliance programs and ensure that they are not exposed to the heightened risks associated with these new measures.

Action to Take:

The introduction of these sanctions presents several challenges for the (re)insurance industry:

Sanctions Due Diligence: Insurers must enhance their due diligence processes to ensure that they do not inadvertently provide coverage to designated vessels or entities. The introduction of shipping sanctions, in particular, requires insurers to update their screening tools and processes to identify sanctioned vessels accurately.

Compliance with Divergent Regulations: The differences between the EU and UK sanctions regimes, particularly regarding LNG and shipping sanctions, require insurers to navigate these regulations carefully to maintain compliance across multiple jurisdictions.

Operational Risk Management: The broadening scope of sanctions, especially the lowering of the knowledge threshold for liability, necessitates that insurers implement robust compliance frameworks and controls to mitigate the risk of violating sanctions inadvertently.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Regulatory Update: Ensuring Fair Value and Good Customer Outcomes for	The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) has recently issued a strong call to action for insurance intermediaries, emphasising the need for these firms to demonstrate that their products offer fair value and deliver good outcomes for customers.	Action to Take: For insurance intermediaries, the FCA's call to demonstrate fair value and good customer outcomes is
Insurance Intermediaries Date Published: 21 August	This regulatory update is critical as it outlines the expectations the FCA has for insurance intermediaries in a rapidly changing and increasingly scrutinised market.	not just a regulatory requirement but a business imperative. Firms must now prioritise the review and adjustment of their product portfolios, ensuring that each product is rigorously tested for value and suitability.
2024	Key Drivers Behind the FCA's Call:	The emphasis on product governance also means that intermediaries must adopt a more proactive stance in monitoring product performance and customer feedback.
	 Rising Concerns Over Product Value Transparency and Customer Understanding Regulatory Focus on Product Governance Impact on Smaller Intermediaries 	This will likely require investment in new compliance frameworks and training for staff to ensure that they can meet these regulatory expectations.
		You can read more <u>here.</u>
General insurance value	The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) has released the General Insurance Value	Action to take:
measures data 2023	Measures Data for 2023, providing a comprehensive overview of key value indicators across various insurance products.	You can read the full FCA press release here.
	This dataset is part of the ECA's appains affort to ophanes transportance and	The FCA's General Insurance Value Measures Data for 2023 provides critical insights that insurers must use to
Date published: 21 August 2024	This dataset is part of the FCA's ongoing effort to enhance transparency and ensure that insurance products deliver fair value to consumers. The value measures data are crucial for understanding how well different insurance products perform in terms of claims outcomes, customer satisfaction, and overall value.	refine their products and improve customer outcomes.
		By aligning their strategies with these insights, insurers can ensure they meet regulatory requirements while also enhancing customer satisfaction and loyalty. 20





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Regulators to Facilitate European Economic Area	The Cross-Border Conversion (CBC) mechanism, introduced by the EU Mobility Directive, allows EEA limited-liability companies, including insurers, to relocate	Action to Take:
(EEA) Insurers Redomiciling Within the EEA	their registered offices within the EEA while maintaining their legal personality and assets/liabilities.	For EEA insurers with UK branches, the PRA may require a new authorisation but has committed to a streamlined, proportionate approach.
	This process is simpler than previous options like cross-border mergers or the	
Date Published: 19 August 2024	Societas Europaea regime, though it still requires authorisation in the destination EEA Member State.	Consumer protection remains a priority, with insurers required to inform policyholders of any changes resulting from the redomiciliation, particularly those affecting their
	The European Insurance and Pensions Authority has published guidelines to facilitate collaboration between EEA regulators during this process,	rights or complaint handling procedures.
	aiming to ensure regulatory compliance and business continuity.	You can read more <u>here</u> .
	Existing Solvency II permissions and approvals should generally remain valid, and regulators are encouraged to take a cooperative approach to resolve any outstanding supervisory issues.	
7 Essential Tips for a	PII renewal season is approaching, with around two-thirds of law firms expected	Action to take:
Successful PII Renewal	to renew their insurance in the next six weeks.	
		You can read the full article <u>here.</u>
	Following years of limited market appetite, there is now an opportune moment to capitalise on the increasingly favourable market conditions.	
Date published: 16 August 2024		





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Will IPT be increased in the autumn budget?	Government IPT revenues exceed £3bn for first four months of 2024/25 financial year.	Action to Take:
Date Published: 21 August 2024	With the industry looking towards the autumn budget, it looks unlikely that IPT will be reduced.	We will keep a watching brief on this story.
	Read the full article here.	

FCA calls on insurers to ensure
they demonstrate fair value and
good customer outcomes

Insurers and brokers have improved governance and oversight of how products are designed, managed, reviewed, and distributed, but many still cannot show how they are providing fair value to customers or that they were receiving good outcomes.

Action to take:

You can read the full press release here.

Date published: 21 August 2024





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Overseas Funds Regime: Update for firms	The Overseas Funds Regime (OFR) is expected to go live later in 2024. The FCA has provided some key dates and initial information about how you can apply.	Action to Take:
		You can read the FCA announcement here which also
Date Published: 22 August 2024	The OFR is a new gateway to allow certain investment funds established outside the UK to be promoted in the UK, including to retail clients.	includes links to the roadmap pdf and key dates -
	the OK to be promoted in the OK, including to retail clients.	Overseas Funds Regime: Update for firms FCA
	If a fund applies for and is given 'recognised scheme' status under the OFR, it can	
	be promoted in the same way as an authorised collective investment scheme established in the UK.	

Is the FCA rule book too big?	Industry leaders give their opinion on whether the FCA rulebook is too big at	Action to take:
	nearly 9,000 pages and can work be done to streamline this so it doesn't overlap	
	with the Consumer Duty rules?	You can read the full article here.

Date published: 23 August 2024





Update	Summary	Action for firms
FCA fines and bans Martin Sarl for dishonest and reckless conduct	Between 7 November 2017 and 24 October 2019, Mr Sarl, who was the sole director at Perry Prowse (Insurance Consultants) Ltd, failed to pass clients' premiums to insurers, meaning that some customers were left uninsured without their knowledge.	Action to Take: The Client Money Rules require firms to calculate the amount of client money that should be segregated in a separate client bank account. Firms must segregate the client money until the premium is either paid to the insurer
Date Published: 14 August 2024	The FCA's investigation uncovered that Mr Sarl used money from the firm's client account to pay both his personal debt, and that of the firm. That was not allowed under the FCA's Client Money rules, and these funds should have been kept separate. As a result, there was not enough money to transfer the premiums - that his customers had paid to him - to insurers, leaving customers without cover and at risk of having their home, and car insurance claims rejected.	or client money is paid out to a client. Firms must always hold the right amount of client money in a segregated client bank account to avoid a shortfall occurring. The FCA continues to take failures to segregate appropriately seriously as this action shows.
FCA fines PwC £15m over audit failings at London Capital & Finance	PwC fined £15 million for failing to alert the FCA to suspected fraudulent activity at London Capital & Finance plc. This is the first time the FCA has fined an audit firm.	Action to take: You can read the full press release <u>here.</u>
Date published: 16 August 2024	Auditors have a central role to play in keeping our markets clean. They have privileged access to information and they are required by law to report suspicions of fraud to the FCA. There were a number of red flags that led PwC to suspect fraud. They should	

have acted on them immediately. Their failure to do so deprived the FCA of

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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Financial promotions quarterly data 2024 Q2	This report gives a summary of data generated between 1 April 2024 and 30 June 2024 from FCA actions against firms breaching financial promotion rules, and referrals and investigations into unregulated activity.	Action to Take: We encourage you to have a look at the report to see the types of financial promotions the FCA are looking at and
	You can read the full report <u>here.</u>	the action they are taking.
Date Published: 16 August 2024		
FCA helps improve crypto firms' compliance with new marketing	The FCA recently reviewed several crypto firms' compliance with certain financial promotion rules designed to help people better understand the risks of investing in	Action to take:
rules.	crypto.	You can read the full update here.
Date published: 7 August 2024 and Updated on 15 August 2024	The regulator is working with firms to improve standards and has published guidance to help companies meet their obligations. Firms are urged to engage directly with the regulator rather than relying on industry comparisons. The regulator warns that continued non-compliance may result in regulatory action and could affect future authorisation applications under the upcoming crypto asset regulatory regime.	





Update Summary Action for firms Culture in insurance firms: New Action to Take: From 26 October 2024, employers will have a new proactive duty to "take duty to prevent sexual reasonable steps" to prevent sexual harassment of their employees. **Review and Understand Current Practices:** 1. harassment Sexual harassment remains a significant issue in the financial services sector, as Develop and Implement an Action Plan: 2. highlighted by the "Sexism in the City" inquiry. The new duty shifts focus from 3. Establish Ongoing Review and Reporting redress to prevention and protection, emphasising proactive measures. Processes: Date Published: 7 August 2024 These actions aim to help firms comply with both the new The Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) has published draft legal duty and regulatory expectations, while fostering a guidance on this new duty. positive workplace culture and mitigating risks associated Regulators (FCA and PRA) consider sexual harassment as non-financial with sexual harassment claims. misconduct, which is a regulatory issue. We will continue to monitor the situation for clients. Read the full article here. The FCA recently reviewed several crypto firms' compliance with certain financial FCA helps improve crypto firms' Action to take: promotion rules designed to help people better understand the risks of investing in compliance with new marketing crypto. You can read the full update here.

Date published: 7 August 2024

rules.

The regulator is working with firms to improve standards and has published guidance to help companies meet their obligations. Firms are urged to engage directly with the regulator rather than relying on industry comparisons. The regulator warns that continued non-compliance may result in regulatory action and could affect future authorisation applications under the upcoming crypto asset regulatory regime.



Regulatory Updates – FCA (General).



associates		
Update	Summary	Action for firms
EU AI Act: first regulation on artificial intelligence Date Published: July 2024	The EU AI Act, will became law on 1 August 2024, establishes a comprehensive regulatory framework for artificial intelligence within the European Union. This Act is relevant to UK firms that operate within the EU market or interact with EU customers. It sets out a series of compliance deadlines that businesses must adhere to, especially those dealing with high-risk AI systems.	 Action to Take: Here is the legislative timeline; 1. Al Act Becomes Law (1August 2024) 2. High-Risk Al Systems Identification (December 2024) 3. Compliance Plan Development (July 2025) 4. Full Compliance Required (August 2026) All high-risk Al systems must be fully compliant with the EU Al Act by this date.
Bank of England - Solvency UK – time to build – speech by Gareth Truran	 Matching Adjustment (MA) Reforms: Investment Flexibility Capital Efficiency 	Action Points for Insurance Brokers: You can read the full speech <u>here.</u>
Date published: 9 July	 2. Risk Management: Enhanced Responsibilities. Advisory Role 	

- 3. Supervisory Priorities:
- Focus Areas
- Pricing Discipline

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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Which! Report on Consumer harm in the insurance claims process.	Which! recent analysis of 8,500 Financial Ombudsman Service (FOS) decisions using AI found that 2023 had the highest levels of insurers causing distress and inconvenience in upheld insurance complaints since 2019.	Action to Take: You can download the full report <u>HERE</u>
Date Published: 23 July	This included widespread evidence of significant harm caused by insurers' claims-handling processes. Insurers failing to consistently ensure that customers in vulnerable circumstances are experiencing outcomes as good as those for other consumers. Insurers not providing sufficient oversight of how customers are treated where there are third parties contracted to help assess claims or provide remedies.	
Changes to RICS Professional Indemnity Insurance (PII) arrangements in the UK and Ireland Date published: 20 July	These changes, particularly related to fire safety and external wall fire risk assessment, have garnered broad support from the industry. Key Amendments Effective 1 July 2024 cover areas including; • Fire Safety Coverage	 Action Points for Insurance Brokers: Policy Adjustments Client Communication Training and Competence
	 External Wall Assessments (EWS) and Fire Risk Appraisals of External Walls (FRAEW) Cyber Clause 	 Market Opportunities These changes are expected to enhance protection for consumers and firms while maintaining a sustainable PII

market, reflecting a more optimistic outlook regarding

future fire safety exposures.





Action for firms

Update

The AI adventure - how artificial intelligence may shape the economy and the financial system

Speech by Mr Klaas Knot, Chair of the Financial Stability Board and President of the Netherlands Bank, at the International Monetary Fund-World Bank Constituency meeting, Moldova, 11 July 2024 This was an interesting speech and we encourage you to read it in full. However the key areas of focus were:

Summary

Regulatory Coordination and Compliance

- Enhanced Coordination: Expect more coordinated efforts among international regulators to ensure consistent compliance standards.
- Compliance Updates: Stay informed about regulatory changes and ensure timely adjustments to policies and procedures.

These updates underscore the importance of resilience, risk management, and regulatory compliance for insurance brokers, ensuring they can navigate the evolving financial landscape effectively.

Action to Take:

You can find the speech HERE

- 1. Enhance Operational Resilience:
- 2. Integrate Climate Risk Management:
- 3. Embrace Technological Advancements:
- 4. Strengthen Cybersecurity:
- 5. Adopt Proactive AI Regulation Attitude:
- 6. Ensure Regulatory Compliance:

Proposed amendments to Guidance on the treatment of politically exposed persons (PEPs)

Date published: 18 July

The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) has published the findings of its review into firms' treatment of domestic politically exposed persons (PEPs). Key recommendations include avoiding the expansion of the PEP definition beyond legal requirements and improving communication with PEPs in line with the consumer duty.

Alongside the review findings, the FCA has launched a consultation on proposed amendments to its guidance on the treatment of PEPs. The proposed changes aim to:

- 1. Risk Differentiation.
- 2. Role Clarification.
- 3. Approval Flexibility.

Action Points for Insurance Brokers:

- Review and Adjust PEP Policies
- Enhance Communication Strategies
- Implement Immediate Improvements:
- Participate in the Consultation

Brokers have until 18/10/2024 to respond to the consultation. You can read the full paper by clicking the link on the left.





disclosures appropriately.

Update	Summary	Action for firms
Cyber Security and Resilience Bill: what businesses and	This article provides a practical overview of the Bill announced by the UK Labour	Action to Take:
insurers need to know	government forming part of its legislative package in its first King's Speech.	You can find the article <u>HERE</u>
	While there was no announcement of specific AI regulations, future AI legislation	
	was hinted at. The Cyber Bill aims to enhance the UK's cybersecurity measures	
	and protect the digital economy, responding to recent high-profile cyber incidents	
	affecting key services and infrastructure.	
Date published: 18 July		

Whistleblowing quarterly data	Key Data Points:	Actio	on to Take:
<u>2024 Q2</u>	 New Reports: 253 new whistleblowing reports received (down from 300 in Q2 2023 and 298 in 	1.	Enhance Reporting Mechanisms.
Date published: 23 July	Q1 2024). Majority of reports were submitted via the online reporting form.Whistleblowing Allegations:	2.	Improve Whistleblower Communication.
	253 reports contained 641 allegations in total. Top 10 types of allegations were	3.	Review and Act on Allegations.
	 identified. Closed Reports: 382 reports closed between April and June 2024. 	•	Compliance and Training: Train staff on the rtance of whistleblowing and how to handle





Update	Summary	Action for firms
EU Renews Russian Financial Sanctions For 6 Months	The Council today renewed the EU restrictive measures in view of the Russian Federation's continuing actions destabilising the situation in Ukraine for a further 6 months, until 31 January 2025.	Action to Take: You can find the background to this decision <u>HERE</u>

Date published: 22 July

Cyber-Insurers Could Be On	The Global IT outage could provide a payday for cyber criminals hoping to cash in	Action to Take:
Hook From Global IT Outages	on confusion and uncertainty created by the Crowdstrike and Microsoft outage.	Be vigilant, we are seeing stories of Cyber scammers
Date published: 19 July	It follows reports of a surge of adverts on social media platforms and in email inboxes promising to "fix" issues caused by Crowdstrike's faulty antivirus update on Friday.	preying on unsuspecting people experiencing unrelated IT issues or offering a solution for the Crowdstrike fault.





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
The King's Speech - AI & Cyber Security - What Next for Insurers?	The King's Speech earlier this week included several elements that could impact compliance regulation and compliance consultants in the UK:	Action to Take: The full speech and list of Bills <u>here</u>
	Draft Audit Reform and Corporate Governance Bill Digital Information and Smart Data Bill Terrorism (Protection of Premises) Bill	We will share updates so you can stay abreast of these changes as the new regulatory landscape emerges.
Date published: 17 July	Cyber Security and Resilience Bill: Overall, the King's Speech suggests a significant focus on regulatory changes across various sectors.	The emphasis on transparency, accountability, and fairness in various sectors may lead to more stringent compliance requirements, creating both challenges and opportunities for businesses.
Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA) statement on the design	This statement provides further information on the dynamic general insurance stress test that the PRA intends to run in 2025.	Action to Take:
of the dynamic general insurance stress test (DyGIST) 2025		You can find the details HERE
		Brokers must stay informed, adapt risk management strategies, and ensure compliance based on the stress test outcomes.

Date published: 15 July





Update	Summary	Action for firms
<u>FCA Consumer Duty - 1 Year on</u> <u>Webinar</u>	The FCA are live streaming an event on 31 July 2024 to mark these milestones. We will focus on:	Action to Take: The Consumer Duty sets a higher standard of consumer protection in financial services. It came into force on 31
Date published: 30 June	 The impact the Duty has had in its first year Examples of good practice and areas for improvement Our priorities for the year ahead Speakers will include: Sheldon Mills: Executive Director, Consumers and Competition, FCA Graeme Reynolds: Director of Competition, FCA 	July 2023 for new and existing products, and will apply to closed products and services from 31 July 2024. Click the Link to register for this event and log your questions.
	Abby Thomas: Chief Executive and Chief Ombudsman, Financial Ombudsman Service	
Insurance multi-firm review of	Under the Consumer Duty (the Duty) firms must regularly assess, test,	Action to Take:
outcomes monitoring under the Consumer Duty Date published: 26 June 2024	understand and evidence the outcomes their customers are receiving. Without this, it will be impossible for firms to know that they are meeting the requirements set out in the Duty.	Firms must regularly monitor the outcomes retail customers receive to identify whether they are meeting their obligations under the Consumer Duty.
	This publication sets out the key findings from our review of larger insurance firms' approaches to outcomes monitoring under the Duty. The FCA recognise this represents a new expectation of firms and have set out examples of good and poor practice to help all firms raise their standards where necessary.	
	Firms that identify gaps in their compliance with our rules should act immediately,	33





Action for firms

FCA Product Sales Data (PSD)-2023

Update

The FCA collect data from the firms they regulate on what products they are selling. Firms operating in the mortgages, retail investments or protection sectors submit product transaction data to the FCA quarterly.

Summary

Information on interpreting the data and the full data tables can be found here - Interpreting the data | FCA

Date published: 27 June 2024

Overseas appointed	Read more about the challenges and expectations for principal firms with	Action to Take:
representatives	overseas appointed representatives (OARs).	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Principals must also establish on reasonable grounds, on
Date published: 27 June 2024	Feedback to the FCA's consultation on improving the appointed representatives	a continuing basis, that the activities of their OARs do not
	regime showed that principals may have challenges overseeing and	result in undue risk of harm to consumers or market
	communicating effectively with their OARs due to:	integrity.

- differences in legal, accounting and regulatory requirements for each jurisdiction
- geographical distance
- cultural and language differences





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Update on the FCA's review of treatment of Politically Exposed Persons	Last year,the FCA launched a review of the treatment of domestic Politically Exposed Persons (PEPs) by financial services firms. They had been on track to publish the findings from this review in line with the end of June deadline set in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023.	
	However, the FCA do not think it is appropriate to publish the review during the pre-election period. The FCA will now publish it in July once Parliament has returned.	
Date published: 19 June 2024		





Action for firms

Wider Implications FrameworkAnnual Report 2023-2024

Update

The Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) has released its Wider Implications Framework Annual Report for 2023-2024, outlining key focus areas and regulatory updates aimed at enhancing the resilience and integrity of the UK's financial markets and consumer protection mechanisms.

Summary

Key Focus Areas:

Date published: 19 June 2024

- **1. Consumer Duty:** The FCA is dedicating significant resources to supervise and enforce compliance with this duty, ensuring firms support consumers effectively, especially amid rising living costs(FCA) (Welcome to WilmerHale).
- Operational Resilience: The FCA emphasises the need for firms to bolster their operational resilience against cyber threats, operational risks, and geopolitical uncertainties. Firms must demonstrate their ability to remain within specified operational impact tolerances by 2025 (Welcome to WilmerHale).
- 3. Financial Crime Prevention: Reducing and preventing financial crime remains a priority for the FCA. This includes enhancing authorisation processes, improving firm assessments, and investing in data-driven analytical tools for anti-money laundering (AML) supervision (KPMG).
- 4. **Market Abuse**: The FCA plans to intensify efforts against market abuse by ensuring firms have robust systems and controls in place. It aims to deter wrongdoers through stringent sanctions and increased investigation and prosecution efforts (<u>Welcome to WilmerHale</u>).
- 5. Future Regulatory Framework (FRF) and Edinburgh Reforms: Over £12 million will be invested to support the FRF and Edinburgh Reforms, which aim to enhance the UK's economic growth and international competitiveness. This includes integrating retained EU law into the FCA Handbook and establishing a cost-benefit analysis panel to enhance regulatory efficiency (KPMG).

Action for Firms

- 1. Review and Implement Consumer Duty.
- 2. Strengthen Operational Resilience:
- 3. Enhance Financial Crime Defences:
- 4. Prepare for Regulatory Changes:.
- 5. Engage with the FCA:

If you need any assistance understanding or implementing any of the actions please get in touch with us today.



Date published: 14 June 2024

Regulatory Updates – FCA (General).



Update	Summary	Action for firms
Whistleblowing Quarterly Data 2024 Q1	The FCA has published its whistleblowing data for Q1 2024, reporting an increase in new cases. Key highlights include:	Action to Take: 1. Review Internal Processes: Ensure your firm's
Data published: 14 June 2024	 298 new reports received, up from 280 in Q1 2023. 801 allegations in total, primarily reported via the online form. 	whistleblowing procedures are robust and compliant with FCA guidelines.

- Enhance Training: Provide regular training for staff on 2. the importance of whistleblowing and how to report concerns.
- Monitor and Report: Maintain thorough records of all 3. whistleblowing reports and actions taken, ensuring timely reporting to the FCA.

NCSC and Cyber Insurance	NCSC and Cyber Insurance Industry Joint Guidance on Ransom Payments
Industry Joint Guidance on	For the first time, the Notional Orban Converts Constant (NOCC) has called anotad
Ransom Payments	For the first time, the National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC) has collaborated
	with the cyber insurance industry, including the Association of British Insurers
	(ABI), British Insurance Brokers' Association (BIBA), and International
	Underwriting Association (IUA), to produce joint guidance for organisations
	considering paying a ransom. This guidance, published on 14 May 2024, aims to
Date published: 14 May 2024	provide much-needed advice to organisations contemplating ransom payments
	during cyber-attacks.

Action to Take:

- **Review Incident Response Plans:** 1.
- Engage External Experts: 2.
- **Understand Regulatory Obligations:** 3.
- Promote Staff Awareness: 4.

See the full guidance for the detail or contact us for more information and advice on how to implement the actions.

enforcement actions and restrictions.

253 reports closed, with significant action taken in 4% of cases, including





Update	Summary	Action for firms
NEW Blog Post	Crypto Compliance: Navigating the Regulatory Maze As the crypto industry continues to attract scrutiny, robust compliance has become crucial for firms to establish legitimacy and mitigate risks. In my latest blog, I share insights from my experience as a compliance consultant, guiding crypto startups through the evolving regulatory landscape.	Read the full blog to gain a comprehensive perspective on navigating the crypto compliance labyrinth and positioning your firm for sustainable growth in this dynamic industry.
Date published: 19 June 2024	 Key themes covered: Understanding the UK's crypto regulations: MLRs, FSMA, RAO, and more FCA registration requirements for crypto asset service providers Implementing robust AML/KYC measures and leveraging decentralised solutions Addressing data security concerns and adopting comprehensive security practices Challenges of multi-jurisdiction operations and maintaining global standards Exploring new monitoring methods: blockchain analytics, smart contracts Importance of staff training and education on evolving regulations 	



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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Building Operational Resilience - 10 Months Till the Deadline	The FCA set out their final rules and guidance on new requirements to strengthen	As soon as possible after 31 March 2022, and by no later than 31 March 2025, firms must have performed mapping
	operational resilience in the financial services sector in March 2022.	and testing so that they are able to remain within impact tolerances for each important business service. Firms must also have made the necessary investments to
Date published: May 2024	The FCA rules and guidance came into force on 31 March 2022.	enable them to operate consistently within their impact tolerances.

FCA Multi- Factor Authentication	FCA Multi- Factor Authentication
	The FCA are making changes to improve and speed up how they verify callers to the FCA Supervision Hub.
Date published: May 2024	From mid-June 2024, multi-factor authentication will be used to verify firms' identity when they call the Supervision Hub, using a one-time passcode that will be sent by text message.





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Consumer Duty - Next Deadline - 31st July 2024	The next milestone on 31 July 31, 2024. By then, firms should have assessed their closed product ranges.	If you're navigating these changes and not sure what you need to do, we are here to help. Whether you're seeking guidance on compliance or have guestions about
Date published: May 2024	The FCA defines closed products as products which are no longer marketed or distributed to retail customers nor open to renewal. It is up to firms to consider each product and decide whether it is closed, and if it falls within the scope of Consumer Duty.	regulatory responsibilities, get in touch. We'd love to help you.
	The FCA have updated the following pages on their website - https://www.fca.org.uk/firms/consumer-duty-information-firms	
European Union: New EU rules have been adopted to combat money-laundering and terrorist financing	The European Parliament has adopted the new AML/CFT legislative package, which aims to comprehensively strengthen the EU rules to fight money-laundering and terrorist financing, including the establishing of a New EU Authority to directly supervise the riskiest entities, an EU limit on large cash payments up to EUR 10,000, and more detailed, directly applicable rules regarding customer due diligence and beneficial ownership.	
Date published: May 2024	The legislation still needs to be formally adopted by the Council, after which it will be published in the Official Journal.	
	The AMLA will enter into force seven days after publication and will apply from 1 July 2025, and the AMLR will enter into force 20 days after publication and will apply 36 months from the date of entry into force, with the exception of a few articles, AMLD6 will enter into force 20 days after publication and Member States will have two years from the date of entry into force to transpose the Directive.	
	The TFR will enter into force in Member States from 30 December 2024.	



Update

Regulatory Updates – FCA (General).



Action for firms

FOS Statistics Update

We would like to share with you the recent performance stats released by the FOS, summarised as follows;

Summary

These can be read in full by clicking the link on the left hand side.

Date published: 1 May 2024

- Overall, the FOS received a total of 95,349 complaints between 1 July and 31 December 2023. This is an increase of almost 20% on the same period in 2022,
- In the second six months of the year, the FOS upheld 36% of complaints in the consumers' favour, compared to 34% in the second half of 2022.
- Banking and consumer credit related complaints were the main driver of the rise.
- For the insurance sector, there was an increase. Complaints about car or motorcycle insurance saw the sharpest rise, with issues including delays in putting things right when a claim is made, and claims valuations.





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Charging Claims Management Companies and other professional representatives Consultation paper Date published: 29 May 2024	The FOS has launched a consultation to implement a fee for Claims Management Companies (CMCs) and other professional representatives. In particular, This paper sets out how and why we propose to introduce a £250 fee for CMCs and other professional representatives, reducing to £75 for cases we determine in favour of the complainant, with the objective of ensuring that our case fee arrangement allocates an element of the costs of resolving cases to CMCs and other professional representatives who can derive benefit from our service. We propose that where the £250 has been paid we will reduce the fee for the respondent firm by £175.	To be responded to by 4 July 2024. Please email your response and any questions about this consultation to consultations@financial-ombudsman.org.uk
FCA regulatory Initiatives Grid	The new issue of Regulatory Initiative Grid is delayed due to general election.	Following the Government announcement of the General Election on 4 July, the eighth edition of the Grid has been delayed. Members of the Financial Services Regulatory Initiatives Forum will consider when best to publish an update on the regulatory pipeline and initiatives later this

year.

Date published: 29 May 2024





Update	Summary	Action for firms
FCA regulated fees and levies: rates proposals for 2024/25	The FCA has made changes to the FEE consultation based on feedback received. Inp articular, 29 May 2024 addendum:	Read and familiarise yourself with the Addendum
Date published: 29 May 2024	Following feedback, the FCA have expanded Table 3.3 in our CP to include other fee-blocks which weren't previously shown. See the addendum for further details.	

Preparing your firm's financial information FCA	Preparing your firm's financial information both for new firms and VoP The FCA are improving the way they collect financial information at the gateway. On the Authorisations webpage, in preparing your firm's financial information, you can now find a new template, available to Wholesale firms.
Date published: 30 May 2024	You can download this template and use it when you submit your firm's financial information, as part of your application. The aim is to improve firms' experience when applying for authorisation, by preventing unnecessary later requests for baseline financial information. Please note that this template does not replace the financial questions in other forms you need to submit with your application.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Financial Resilience	Whilst not applicable to most insurance intermediaries, the FCA has issued a reminder to firms to prepare to the new rules surrounding financial resilience.	Read and familiarise yourself with the Addendum
Date published: 30 May 2024	The new rules come into force in 10 months and will be applicable to insurers and enhanced SMCR firms.	

FCA - Multi-Factor Authentication	Security is at the heart of our Technology and Data platforms. With this in mind, we're making changes to improve and speed up how we verify callers to our Supervision Hub.	There are a number of useful guides and videos on the FCA website, click the link on the left hand side of this slide.
Date published: 30 May 2024	From mid-June 2024, callers will need to verify using a one-time passcode sent by text message. The changes align our phone verification process with multi-factor authentication which was rolled out for FCA systems last year.	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Firms to recommence GAP insurance sales following FCA action	Firms that have resumed sales of GAP insurance have done so with materially lower levels of commission being paid out to those selling GAP, improving value for customers.	To restart sales, firms need to demonstrate that their GAP products provide fair value to customers, in line with FCA rules.
	Following this action, customers purchasing GAP insurance can expect to receive better value cover which is suited to their needs, and receive better outcomes.	
Date published: 21 May 2024	The FCA has agreed that the following firms can recommence selling GAP insurance:	
	Fortegra Europe Insurance Company Ltd Motors Insurance Company Ltd Amtrust Europe Ltd Financial & Legal Insurance Company Limited	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Change to the FCA Handbook	For the insurance sector, there are no material changes to note, however firms should be aware that the FCA is looking to introduce annual consultation on TC and qualification requirements.	Read the Handbook Notes
Date published: May 2024		

FCA Update Information on
Closed Products following 16thFirms should carefully consider the FCA definition of 'closed books' and in turn,Firms must take action before the 31 July 2024 deadline.
appropriately document the internal decisions.May Dear CEO LetterFirms must take action before the 31 July 2024 deadline.

Date published: 24 May 2024





Action for firms

'Finfluencers' charged for		
promoting unauthorised trading		
scheme		

Update

News this week that several reality TV stars have been charged with allegedly providing advice on buying and selling contracts for difference (CFDs) when they were not authorised to do so.

Summary

CFDs are a high-risk investment product used to bet on the price of an asset, in this case, the price of foreign currencies. It is also alleged that they were paid to promote the Instagram account at the heart of the case.

Firms need to be mindful of where they use influencers, and indeed influencers too, that they are not undertaking a regulated activity.

The FCA clarified its expectations for when firms and others, such as influencers, use social media to communicate financial promotions and address emerging consumer harm arising from the use of social media.

If you need any help understanding or implementing these rules please get in touch with one of the team today, we'd love to help you.

Date published: 16 May 2024





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
FCA 'Dear CEO' Letter Date published: 16 May 2024	The letter focuses on the next deadline of the Consumer Duty for closed products and services by 31 July 2024. The 'Dear CEO' Letter outlines the areas that firms need to focus on. The letter sets out the actions firms need to take which can be broadly summed up as follows; 1. gaps in firms' customer data 2. fair value 3. treatment of consumers with characteristics of vulnerability 4. gone-away or disengaged customers 5. vested contractual rights If firms do not have closed products, they need to acknowledge it internally and file it away.	Firms must take action before the 31 July 2024 deadline.
FCA Authorisations operating service metrics 2023/24 Q4	The FCA performance shows 10 metrics are green, 6 are amber and none are red.	
	98.1% of applications across all metric areas were determined within the statutory deadline.	
Date published: 15 May 2024	The regulator will publish our performance for the first quarter of 2024/25 in August 2024.	





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Office of Financial Sanctions Implementation (OFSI) published a new set of	The FAQs provide short-form guidance and technical information on financial sanctions.	OFSI strongly recommends reviewing the FAQs alongside their existing guidance and legislation, which take precedence.
Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs). Date published: May 2024	Via an accompanying blog (<u>the Blog</u>), OFSI states it will not generally accept individual requests for new FAQs. Instead, it will publish them on an as-needed basis, focusing on areas where new guidance would be beneficial to a substantial audience. OFSI has indicated that it will continue to work closely with the industry to identify issues where additional guidance would be beneficial and that it will announce any new FAQs via its E-Alert service.	

<u>Changes in Companies House</u> <u>Fees - general increase</u>	This FCA information shows the individual firm data reported to the FCA by financial services firms for 2023 H2 between 1 July to 31 December 2023. It includes analysis on the latest trends for each product.	Familiarise yourself with the fees and how they are calculated.
Date published: May 2024	The current data set was published on 19 October 2023 and covers complaints received up to 8 October 2023.	



Update

Regulatory Updates – FCA (General).



Action for firms

Approach to Artificial	On 22 April 2024, the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and the Bank of Eng
Intelligence	(including the Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA), together the Bank) published updates on their approach to artificial intelligence (AI). The FCA's
Date published: 3 May 2024	update is available here and the Bank's update is available here.
Date published. 3 Way 2024	Firms should now expect, where they are using AI, that they will need to be a

Firms should now expect, where they are using AI, that they will need to be able to explain their use of AI to their regulators. This will involve explaining how risks associated with the deployment of AI have been identified, assessed and managed. The acid test is: if the regulator asks, do you have a convincing narrative about your approach to managing the risks associated with AI?

Summary

What do you need to do now?

England

- Understand, and be prepared to explain, how AI is being used at all levels of your business. This includes suppliers and outsourced service providers – are they using AI, and do you know about it?
- Understand how your legal and regulatory obligations interact with any existing or proposed use of AI in your business.
- Ensure that client and commercial data is protected – you will need to make sure you understand how your staff are using AI, and what systems and data their AI tools can access.
- Put in place and maintain robust governance arrangements, and systems and controls, to discharge your legal and regulatory obligations in connection with AI – this might involve, for example, the implementation of an "AI policy".





Update

The European Union Artificial Intelligence Act (the Act)

Date published: 3 May 2024

The European Union Artificial Intelligence Act (the Act) is the world's first comprehensive framework on Artificial Intelligence (AI). But what does the Act mean for insurers in the UK?

Summary

The Act introduces an Al classification system that determines the level of risk an Al solution could present to individuals. The four levels of risk classifications are:

- Unacceptable risk Application of AI that is banned within the European Union (EU), for example social scoring and monitoring of people and AI which manipulates human behaviour or exploits people's vulnerabilities.
- High risk Examples include AI that controls access to financial services, critical infrastructure or employment. High risk AI systems are subject to strict conformity assessment and monitoring. AI systems that profile individuals, for example that process personal data to assess various aspects of a person's life such as health or economic situation, interests or behaviour.
- Limited risk Examples include chatbots. They are subject to specific transparency obligations. For example, users should be aware that they are interacting with AI. There are also requirements to ensure that AI generated content is identifiable.
- Minimal risk Examples include spam filters and AI enabled video games. Minimal risk is unregulated.

How does it relate to UK firms?

A number of businesses and insurers operate in both jurisdictions. The Act applies to those that intend to place on the market or put into service AI systems in the EU, regardless of whether they are based in the EU or a third country. It also applies to third country providers where AI system's output is used in the EU.

The UK currently relies on existing insurance laws and regulations, which are broad enough to apply to new technologies. It has implemented a cross-sector and outcome-based framework for regulating AI, underpinned by five core principles:

- 1. Safety, security and robustness
- 2. Appropriate transparency and explainability
- 3. Fairness
- 4. Accountability and governance
- 5. Contestability and redress.

With the Act the EU is hoping to play a leading role globally. The UK is holding off introducing legislation until the challenges and risks of AI are better understood.





Update

Summary

Financial Ombudsman - Fees and Budget Update 24/25

Date published: 3 May 2024

What are key points for insurers?

The FCA will continue to embed the Consumer Duty and the focus on delivering good outcomes for all consumers.

Focus on ensuring products deliver value for money.

Key activities the FCA will start in 2024/25 are:

- Multi-firm work and market studies on how the insurance industry responds to claims, including where customers are more likely to show characteristics of vulnerability. The FCA will also look at how firms assess overall product value and respond where they identify unfair value.
- A review on how customers in vulnerable circumstances are treated.

The FCA is assessing the impact of AI on UK markets to better understand the risks and benefits. The FCA says:"We will build on our pro-innovation and technology-agnostic approach to ensure that the outcomes for consumers and markets are beneficial, while recognising there are risks and opportunities."

Continue investigations on digital consumer journeys and firms using sludge practices.

What are key points for insurers?

- FOS intends to reduce its cost to the financial services industry. Its case fee will reduce from £750 to £650. The compulsory and voluntary jurisdiction levy costs to businesses will also reduce.
- FOS is now expecting to see 210,000 complaints (47,400 regarding insurance) during 2024/25; an increase from its previous expectation of 181,300 complaints (44,300 regarding insurance).
- FOS is still considering whether to exercise new powers granted under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 to introduce a fee for professional representatives bringing a case to its service on behalf of a consumer. It will publish a further consultation which will outline the feedback it has received on this topic and next steps, during the first quarter of 2024/25.





Update

Summary

Various FCA Upcoming Reviews

Date published: 3 May 2024

Insurance intermediaries: In May 2022 the FCA wrote portfolio letters to P&CLII and LLMI on key risks and notes that they will write again in 2024 to provide their updated view of the key risks firms in this portfolio pose, the extent to which these risks are being mitigated and their updated supervisory plan.

Vulnerable customers: The FCA intends to conduct a post-implementation review of FG21/1 in 2024 to test the effectiveness of firm's implementation and look at how this has impacted on outcomes for customers in vulnerable circumstances. It aims to publish a final report by end of 2024.

Multi-occupancy buildings: Legislation - Leasehold and Freehold Reform Bill - expected to be enacted which will ban managing agents, landlords and freeholders from taking commissions and other payments when they take out buildings insurance but replacing these with more transparent fees.



Update



Action for firms

Date published: 30 April 2024	The Insurance Act (2015) - In Scotbeef Ltd v D&S Storage Ltd (In Liquidation) [2024] EWHC 341 (TCC), the court considered the interpretation of various clauses purporting to be conditions precedent to liability in light of the Insurance Act 2015 (the IA 2015). The judgment is one of only a handful of cases to have considered the application of the IA 2015 and considers in particular s.9(2), which prevents representations being converted into warranties (and abolishes basis clauses), and ss.16 and 17, which set out the transparency requirements for parties to contract out of the policyholder protections. The court found that a misrepresentation by the insured which put the insured in breach of a condition precedent could not be relied on by the insurer because of the application of the IA 2015.	The case is also a useful reminder that the remedies for breach of the duty of fair presentation have changed significantly since the pre-IA 2015 position and that the onus is on the insurer to show what they would have done had there not been a breach. In this case although the court found that the duty had been breached, the insurer had no remedy as it did not show that the policy terms would have been altered if the risk had been properly represented.

FCA - Firm Specific ComplaintsThis FCA information shows the individual firm data reported to the FCA by
financial services firms for 2023 H2 between 1 July to 31 December 2023. It
includes analysis on the latest trends for each product.

Date published: 25 April 2024

The current data set was published on 19 October 2023 and covers complaints received up to 8 October 2023.

Summary

This information can be used to see examples of good complaint handling processes by firms.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Artificial Intelligence (AI) update <u>– further to the Government's</u> response to the AI White Paper	The FCA issued an AI Update further to the Government's response to the AI Whitepaper.	Firms should ensure that they have read the report and understand the FCA's approach to AI in the Financial Markets.
FCA	In the update the FCA have outlined their approach to AI and want to promote safe and responsible use of AI in the Financial Markets.	
Date published: 22 April 2024	The update focuses on the FCA's roles and objectives, work so far, existing approach, and plans for the next 12 months.	

<u>'Big Tech a priority' says FCA</u> <u>Chief Executive</u>

Date published: 22 April 2024

The FCA's Chief Executive Nikhil Rathi delivered a speech announcing the FCA's plans to examine how Big Tech firms unique access to large sets of data could unlock:

We recommend that firms have read the speech and understood the FCA's focus on Tech and AI

- Better products
- More competitive prices
- Wider choices for consumers and businesses

The FCA's Big Tech Plans are included in a feedback statement to it's call for input on data sharing between Big Tech and Financial Services Firms.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Using the new Form A FCA	The FCA published changes to using the new form A.	Firms should read through the new Form A and ensure
Date published: 12 April 2024	They have incorporated a new version of form A	that they are clear on all the changes and how these affect the firm,
	Some of the changes include:	Your consultants are able to help if you have any questions or queries regarding the form.
	 Adding questions of the right to work in the UK 	
	 Removal of the send later function 	
	 Improved virus scanning on attachments 	
	 A checklist of information needed before you start the application 	
	Improved layout	
	Easier navigation	
	 Improved help and guidance 	
	 If you are a solo regulated firm, you will input 10 years of Employment 	

history instead of uploading a CV.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Firm notification form (SUP 15)	The FCA have issued the Firm notification form (SUP15)	We would like to remind firms of the SUP 15 process and the new web form, please ensure that you have
Date published: 2 April 2024	Regulated firms and Insolvency Practitioners can complete this form to notify the FCA of an event that has occurred or will occur in the foreseeable future.	familiarised yourself with this process.
	Principle 11 requires a firm to deal with its regulators in an open and cooperative way and to disclose anything relating to the firm of which they would reasonably expect notice.	
	To improve the efficiency of this process, they have created a new webform for Sup 15 notification submission. This asks for more details of the issue before	

firms upload their submission. This will allow the FCA to identify high-risk

concerns which we may need to escalate promptly.

Firms should use it when submitting a Sup 15 notification.



and

3.7%),

58% in 2023 H2.

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Update	Summary	Action for firms
<u>Complaints data FCA</u>	The FCA have published this update on their Complaints Data.	Firms should keep up to date on the complaints received, the causes of these, and ensure that they are aware of
Date published: 25 April 2024	The latest findings:	how these type of complaints could affect the firm.
	 In 2023 H2, financial services firms received 1.87m complaints, a decrease of 1% from 2023 H1 (1.89m). Since the Payment Protection Insurance (PPI) peak in 2020, complaints have stayed relatively constant between 1.8m and 2m. The product groups that experienced an increase in their complaint numbers were: banking and credit cards (up 3.2%), home finance (up 	

(up

3.4%).

investments

The percentage of complaints upheld decreased from 61% in 2023 H1 to





Update	Summary	Action for firms
https://www.fca.org.uk/publicati on/consultation/cp24-9.pdf	The FCA published the consultation paper CP24/9 on Financial Crime Updates. Some of the key points:	Firms should keep up to date on the Financial Crime updates and the firm's responsibilities in relation to Financial Crime.
Date published: April 2024	 Sanctions: The updates to Chapter 7 will focus on enhancing firms' systems and controls for managing financial sanctions without referring to specific regimes. The key changes include: Mandatory reporting of sanctions breaches. Governance frameworks for oversight of sanctions controls. Emphasis on management information to monitor sanctions controls effectively. Guidance on assessing exposure to and preparation for potential sanctions. Examples of expected practices using screening tools for sanctions compliance. Integration of Customer Due Diligence and sanctions risk management. Proliferation Financing (PF) Revisions in Chapter 7.2 to incorporate PF risk assessment guidance and links to relevant resources, reflecting changes to the Money Laundering Regulations (MLRs). Consumer Duty: Integration of the Consumer Duty with financial crime controls, reminding firms to consider these duties together for products open for sale or renewal. 	





Legal Developments

Legal updates and developments are summarised below.





Update	Summary	Action for firms
MS Amlin Marine NV v King Trader Ltd & others (Solomon Trader) [2024].	The case reaffirms the court's reluctance to interfere with clear wording in insurance contracts. The dispute centered around a "pay first" clause in a charterers' liability policy.	Review Policy Wordings: Carefully review and potentially revise policy wordings to ensure that all important clauses, especially those affecting
	The Third Parties (Rights Against Insurers) Act 2010 does not protect third parties in contracts of marine insurance from "pay first" clauses.	claim payments like "pay first" clauses, are clearly stated and prominently positioned within
Date 9 August 2024	Outcomes: 1. The court upheld the "pay first" clause, requiring the insured to discharge their	the policy document. This helps avoid disputes and potential accusations of hiding critical terms.
	liability before seeking indemnity from the insurer.2. The clause was found to be valid and enforceable, even in cases where the insured is insolvent or unable to pay.	Enhance Communication: Implement clear communication strategies to ensure

3. The court rejected arguments of inconsistency, repugnancy, or implied terms that would limit the operation of the "pay first" clause.

terms. policyholders fully understand key policy provisions, especially those that may affect their ability to claim. This could include highlighting important clauses during the sales process and

in policy documentation.



policies.



Update Action for firms Summary Court of Appeal dismissed the claimant's appeal, agreeing with the Commercial Court's Readers may be interested in Lord Justice Project Angel Bidco Ltd (In earlier decision - that as the insured under a buy-side warranty and indemnity insurance Lewison's Judgment and the court's decision to Administration) v Axis Managing Agency Ltd & Ors [2024] EWCA policy, they had failed to show that an apparent inconsistency between the insured uphold the Commercial Court's decision, Civ 446 obligations and the policy exclusions was the result of a clear drafting error. dismissing Project Angel's appeal. Commercial Court Decision: The Commercial Court sided with the insurers, stating no Key Points for Drafting Warranty and Indemnity contradiction existed between the insured obligations and the ABC Exclusion Clause. The Insurance Policies also make for interesting Date 8 May 2024 various parts of the W&I Policy, when read together, did not indicate an obvious error, and reading. thus, no cover was provided for the ABC Warranties. Drafting errors must be clear The case involved Project Angel Bidco Ltd (the Buyer) who acquired a civil engineering This case underscores the importance of and obvious - a brief look at the company and took out a buyer-side warranty and indemnity insurance policy. The Buyer carefully reviewing and explaining policy English Court of Appeal's claimed that the sellers had breached warranties relating to compliance with anti-bribery wordings to clients, particularly in complex decision in Project Angel Bidco and anti-corruption legislation (ABC Legislation) and sought coverage under the policy. commercial insurance policies. Pay close Ltd (In Administration) v Axis However, the policy contained an exclusion for "ABC Liability," which the Buyer argued attention to any inconsistencies between Managing Agency Ltd [2024 was a drafting error that contradicted the Cover Spreadsheet indicating coverage for ABC provisions, especially those relating to the scope EWCA Civ 446] of cover and exclusions. Advise clients to Legislation warranties. discuss any ambiguities or potential conflicts in Both the English Commercial Court and the Court of Appeal ruled in favour of the policy wording with you and the insurers before insurers. The courts held that the threshold for judicial intervention to correct alleged finalising the policy. Remember that courts are

drafting errors in commercial contracts is high. Lord Justice Lewison of the Court of

Appeal noted that while there was an apparent conflict between the Cover Spreadsheet

court's intervention. The court emphasised the importance of considering the policy as a

whole within its contractual context and noted that inconsistencies can exist in complex

and the ABC Liability exclusion, the drafting error was not clear enough to warrant the

Date 12 July

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unlikely to intervene in cases of alleged drafting

clear and obvious. Therefore, it's crucial to

intended coverage and that clients fully

understand any limitations or exclusions.

ensure that the policy accurately reflects the

errors unless the error and its correction are both





Update	Summary	Action for firms
<u>Project Angel Bidco Ltd (In</u> <u>Administration) v Axis Managing</u> <u>Agency Ltd & Ors [2024] EWCA</u> <u>Civ 446</u>	Court of Appeal dismissed the claimant's appeal, agreeing with the Commercial Court's earlier decision - that as the insured under a buy-side warranty and indemnity insurance policy, they had failed to show that an apparent inconsistency between the insured obligations and the policy exclusions was the result of a clear drafting error.	Readers may be interested in Lord Justice Lewison's Judgment and the court's decision to uphold the Commercial Court's decision, dismissing Project Angel's appeal.
Date 8 May 2024	Commercial Court Decision: The Commercial Court sided with the insurers, stating no contradiction existed between the insured obligations and the ABC Exclusion Clause. The various parts of the W&I Policy, when read together, did not indicate an obvious error, and thus, no cover was provided for the ABC Warranties.	Key Points for Drafting Warranty and Indemnity Insurance Policies also make for interesting reading.
<u>Norman Hay Plc vs Marsh Ltd</u> <u>Case</u>	Norman Hay Plc, a company with global operations requiring frequent business travel, retained Marsh Ltd to arrange non-owned auto insurance on a country-by-country basis for the policy year 2017/2018 and under a global liability programme for the policy years 2018/2019 and 2019/2020. Non-owned auto cover insures motor liability when cars are hired.	 The Judge set out a series of actions to take note of; 1. Review Insurance Arrangements: Ensure adequate coverage for all potential risks, especially for
Date 2 May 2024	On 22 November 2018, Mr Nigel Kelsall, an employee of Norman Hay's subsidiary, Internationale Metall IMPragneier GmbH (IMP), was killed in a road accident in Ohio, USA, while driving a hire car without insurance. The other driver, Ms Sage, was seriously injured and sued Norman Hay and IMP, alleging negligence by Mr Kelsall. The case was settled with Norman Hay paying Ms Sage US\$5.5 million.	 frequent business travel. Document Decision Processes: Maintain thorough records of insurance advice and decisions to support claims if disputes arise. Legal and Regulatory Compliance: Regularly review compliance with

legal and regulatory obligations to

avoid negligence claims.





Action for firms

Update

New EU Directive Criminalises Sanctions Violations

On 29 April 2024, the EU published in the Official Journal a new Directive criminalising sanctions violations, Directive (EU) 2024/1226

The EU has published a new Directive that mandates Member States to criminalise certain intentional violations of EU sanctions. The covered offenses include making funds available to designated persons, failing to freeze assets, enabling entry of designated persons, and engaging in prohibited trade, financial services, or other services. It also criminalises four forms of sanctions circumvention. Member States must punish inciting, aiding, abetting, and attempted violations. While allowing exemptions for low-value violations under €10,000, the Directive aims to achieve more consistent enforcement of EU sanctions across Member States.

Summary

Companies and individuals engaged in international trade or finance should review their compliance programs and procedures to ensure adherence to the new criminal sanctions regime across the EU.

Date May 2024





Update	Summary	Action for firms
High Court Holds That Limitation Clause Did Not Limit Primary Payment Obligation Date 14 May 2024	The High Court ruled that a broadly drafted limitation of liability clause did not cap the defendants' primary obligation to pay for goods received from Costcutter. The defendants argued the clause limiting "total liabilityarising out of anybreach of contract or otherwise" reduced their debt to zero. However, the court distinguished between primary obligations like paying for goods, and secondary obligations like damages for breach. It held limitation clauses only apply to limit secondary liability, not primary obligations to perform a contract's core duties, unless explicitly stated. Following the Supreme Court's guidance, the court was reluctant to find the clause excluded Costcutter valuable rights without clear wording.	This serves as a useful reminder of the difference between primary and secondary contractual obligations and the court's reluctance to infer that primary contractual obligations are limited by broadly drafted limitation of liability clauses. This highlights that broadly worded exclusions are unlikely to limit core contractual payment obligations.
Bellini v Brit: The Court of Appeal serves up a slightly sour COVID-19 decision	The Court of Appeal ruled against the policyholder in a case involving a "Murder, suicide or disease" extension clause for business interruption coverage. The key issue was whether the disease clause provided non-damage cover or required property damage, as defined in the policy. The court found that the clause's wording, when read objectively alongside the overall policy, clearly required property damage to trigger coverage. Despite potentially providing only limited additional coverage, the court held the clause was unambiguous and could not be re-written absent a drafting mistake.	This decision highlights the importance of carefully reviewing policy wordings, as endorsements may not expand coverage as intended if they incorporate requirements from the main insuring clause.

Date 14 May 2024





Update	Summary	Action for firms
Project Angel Bidco Ltd (in administration) v Axis Managing Agency Ltd (as representative of Syndicate 1686 at Lloyd's of London) and other companies Date 9 May 2024	As seen from the case, definitions (and coverage) may change because of a single letter. Insurers should exercise care and caution in the drafting of policies as the English courts (and ones in other common law jurisdictions) are reluctant to step in to rewrite the contract (even when there is an apparent inconsistency). Instead, as seen from the Court of Appeal's judgment, the court's intervention is confined to very limited circumstances where there is an obvious drafting error and where the cure is equally obvious.	For Reinsurance clients
<u>Tyson International Company</u> <u>Ltd v Partner Reinsurance</u> <u>Europe SE</u>	The article discusses a legal dispute between Tyson and Partner Re over a reinsurance contract. Initially, they entered into a Market Reform Contract (MRC) on July 1, 2021, governed by English law and jurisdiction. Eight days later, Partner Re issued a Market Uniform Reinsurance Agreement (MURA) covering the same risks but with New York law and arbitration clauses.	For Reinsurance clients
Date 9 May 2024	The key question was whether the MURA superseded the MRC or was merely an administrative document. The Court of Appeal ruled that the MURA replaced the MRC, objectively analysing the parties' actions and the MURA's terms, including an entire agreement clause stating it superseded prior agreements.	
	Despite the MRC being a valid contract, the court held that the parties intended to switch to the MURA, which resembled a binding reinsurance contract governed by New York	

law. As the judge quipped, "the parties began by playing cricket but then switched to baseball," referring to the change from English to New York law.





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Improving the quality of data on our registers Date 3 May 2024	From 4 March 2024, greater powers for Companies House to query information, stronger checks on company names, new rules for registered office addresses, and new lawful purpose statements.	We recommend that firms read and understand the related risks to their firm
Confirmation statement changes Date 3 May 2024	From 4 March 2024, new requirements to provide a registered email address and to confirm that the intended future activities of the company will be lawful.	
<u>Changes to Companies House</u> <u>fees</u> Date 3 May 2024	From 1 May 2024, increased fees to take new future expenditure into account, as well as making sure costs are recovered from existing expenditure.	
Identity verification Date 3 May 2024	Companies House will introduce a new identity verification process to help deter those wishing to use companies for illegal purposes. Anyone setting up, running, owning or controlling a company in the UK will need to verify their identity to prove they are who they claim to be.	Over the coming months, we'll explain when these changes will come into effect and how the identity verification process will work. You do not need to do anything yet.





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Update	Summary	Action for firms
Changes to accounts Date 3 May 2024	The measures set out in the Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act will improve transparency by making more financial information available to the public. The new legislation lays the foundation for Companies House to require companies to file accounts in a digital format. To comply with these changes, all companies will need to find suitable software before web-based and paper filing options are no longer available. This applies to directors who file accounts themselves, and companies who use third party agents or accountants to file their annual accounts.	We recommend that firms read and understand the related risks to their firm
Protecting your information Date 3 May 2024	The Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act has introduced measures to prevent abuse of personal information held on the Companies House register. One of the aims is to balance the need for corporate transparency with the understanding that personal information should only be published when it's necessary and proportionate to do so. These measures will come into force over the next two years in a phased approach.	
Changes to limited partnerships Date 3 May 2024	Limited partnerships will need to file their information through authorised agents, and they'll need to file more information with Companies House.	This is for information only at this stage as these measures will need secondary legislation before they're implemented.

they're implemented.





Action for firms

mproving transparency of	
company ownership	

Update

Date 3 May 2024

Under measures introduced by the Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act, company ownership will be more transparent.

Summary

When the measures come into force, companies must:

- record the full names of shareholders who are individuals or the full names of corporate members and firms – in their registers
- provide a one-off full shareholder list so Companies House can display shareholder information in a more user-friendly way

Companies House will:

- collect and display more information from companies claiming an exemption from providing person with significant control (PSC) details, including the reason for the exemption
- collect and display the conditions which allow a relevant legal entity (RLE) to be recorded as a PSC

We recommend that firms read and understand the related risks to their firm

Investigation, enforcement and data sharing companies house

Date 3 May 2024

The Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act will introduce a number of changes over the next few years. This page summarises everything you need to know about the new measures. More effective investigation and enforcement powers for Companies House, and new powers to share data with law enforcement agencies and other government departments.





Action for firms

https://ondemand.questionmark .eu/delivery/open.php?session= 0435667000435667&customeri d=607443&name=TELLABAB&g roup=2024

Update

Date 26 April 2024

<u>Company directors should</u> <u>consider company's</u> <u>nature-related risks (including</u> <u>climate risks): landmark English</u> <u>law legal opinion – CCLI</u>

Date April 2024

HMRC have created the Tell ABAB Survey 2024 to allow the Administrative Burdens Advisory Board (ABAB) to use insight from HMRC to inform small business services and make tax quicker and easier.

Summary

We would recommend that firms complete the survey.

This article provides some Key takeaways on nature-related risks and directors' fiduciary duties in UK law:

- When exercising their duties to promote the success of the company, and to
 exercise reasonable care, skill and diligence, directors should approach
 identification and assessment of nature-related risks as they would any other type
 of risk.
- When conducting such an assessment, companies would be wise to apply a
 double materiality approach, in line with recommendations from the Taskforce on
 Nature-Related Financial Disclosures (TNFD) i.e., identifying and assessing not
 only how nature-related risks may affect enterprise value (financial materiality), but
 also how their business activities impact and depend on nature (impact materiality).
- Directors who perform such an assessment, who actively consider nature-related risks, dependencies and impacts, and who document how they do so, are more likely to have discharged their duties than those who give those risks no consideration at all.

We recommend that firms read and understand the related risks to their firm.



firms.



Update	Summary	Action for firms
Non-Financial Misconduct: How Your Organisation Should	This article by Ankura, highlights the Non-Financial Misconduct consultation the FCA have been focusing on.	We would recommend that firms read the consultation paper and are aware of the FCA's expectation in relation to Non-FInancial
Prepare for Regulatory Reform and Mitigate Risk	The FCA's September 2023 consultation paper proposes to explicitly include non-financial misconduct within the regulatory regime. Specifically:	Misconduct.
Date 18 April 2024	 bullying within the workplace is relevant to fitness and propriety, as well as similar behaviour in a person's private life; 	
	 clear conduct rules covering serious instances of bullying and harassment towards colleagues; 	
	 to bring discriminatory practices (e.g., sexually, or racially motivated offences) and any adverse findings against associated individuals within the suitability criteria for 	





Update

Summary

Protect the House New Criminal Offence Raises Risks Amid Accountability Crackdown

Date 23 April 2024

This article by Latham and Watkins LLP, highlights the Enhanced Serious Fraud Office powers and promises of swifter action on economic crime underscore the importance of anti-fraud measures for sponsors and portfolio companies.

Since 2010 there have been a growing number of "failure to prevent" offences — which pass on criminal liability to organisations for wrongdoing by those working on their behalf. As liability can accrue from crimes committed by employees or agents working anywhere in the business, and at any level, even legitimate and sophisticated organisations have been caught out. Fines are potentially unlimited — last year, a fine of £465 million was imposed to settle an investigation into failure to prevent bribery.

In this environment, portfolio companies could face criminal liability if their personnel pay bribes, facilitate tax evasion, or commit fraud. While it is unlikely that a fund would be held liable for criminal conduct committed by a portfolio company itself, the test for the new "failure to prevent fraud" offence is nuanced and fact-specific; it warrants careful consideration in the context of each sponsor/fund structure. We would recommend that firms read this article and are aware of the expectation in relation to bribery, liability, and failure to prevent fraud.



Update

Regulatory Updates – Legal (General).



Action for firms

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The Government have issued their list of changes.

Date April 2024

The Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act will introduce a number of changes over the next few years. This page summarises everything you need to know about the new measures.

Summary

We would recommend that firms read the changes and are aware of how this effects then firm.

Some of the changes include:

- Confirmation Statements
- Changes to Companies House Fees
- Changes to Ltd Partnerships
- Investigation and Enforcement Data Sharing





Other details: n/a



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